

The Maya Civilisation Year 6 - Autumn



City-State	An independent self-governing state formed of a city and its surrounding area.						
Democracy	a system of government by the whole population or all the eligible members of a state, typically through elected representatives.						
Conquer &	overcome and take control of (a place or people) by military force.						
Mesoamerica	Central America - the countries consist of Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador, and Belize; and the western sections of Honduras and Nicaragua, and northern Costa Rica						
Theory (1)	An idea about why something happened.						
Sacrifice 🎾	To make an offering to a god.						
Technology	Developing knowledge and tools to make people's lives easier.						
Trade	The buying and selling of things like food.						

- The Maya lived in an area covered by rainforest.





- ♦ The Maya lived in Meso-America (Central America) in the area called Mexico and Guatemala.
- ♦ The Maya was a Stone Age culture as they didn't have metal.
- ♦ The Maya formed a society of city-states.
- ♦ The Maya made many technological advances and established a huge trading empire.
- ♦ The Maya developed a writing system based on symbols called hieroglyphs.
- ♦ The Maya built pyramids to worship their gods and offer sacrifices.
- The Maya worshipped up to 300 gods, each one doing a different job.
- ♦ There are many theories why the population of Maya cities disappeared around 900AD.
- ♦ We know about the Maya from archaeological remains and the people living in the area today.
- ♦ We use the term Maya not Mayan. Mayan is only used to describe the language.









						Ab				
3000	2500	2000	1500	1000	500	500	1000	1500	2000	2500

BC AD