

## **Types of Animals**

Science

**Year 1 - Spring** 

energy	The power needed to do something.	
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growth	The development of the body over time.	
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habitat	The place where animals and plants live e.g. wood-	
NODES.	lands, coasts, and rainforest.	B
offspring	The child of an animal	'
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skeleton	The bones of the animal that give it its shape.	
vertebrate	An animal that has a backbone it its	
	skeleton.	

Group	Animal	Definition		
	example			
Mammal		Most mammals have hair or fur. They give birth to live young rather than laying eggs.		
Fish		Fish are vertebrates that live in water.		
Bird		Birds are vertebrate animals that have feathers, wings, and beaks		
Reptile		Reptiles live on land. They have scaly skin. Reptiles lay their eggs on land.		
Amphibian		Animals that spend part of their lives in water and part of their lives on land. Amphibians lay their jelly-like eggs in water.		







Carnivore

Herbivore

Omnivore



