

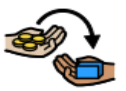









Journeys-Trade

Year 5 - Summer



 <p>import</p>	<p>To bring goods into a country for sale</p>
 <p>export</p>	<p>To send goods to another country for sale</p>
 <p>trade</p>	<p>Buying or selling goods or services</p>
 <p>FAIRTRADE</p>	<p>Trade between companies in developed countries and producers in developing countries in which fair prices are paid to the producers.</p>
 <p>raw material</p>	<p>Materials that are in their natural state, before they are processed or used in manufacturing eg wood, grain, coal</p>
 <p>sustainability</p>	<p>Using resources to meet current needs but ensuring enough resources are left for future generations. Looking after the planet, protecting plants, animals and natural resources.</p>
 <p>recycle</p>	<p>Converting waste materials into new materials or objects</p>
 <p>reuse</p>	<p>Using an item again, either for its original purpose or for a different use.</p>

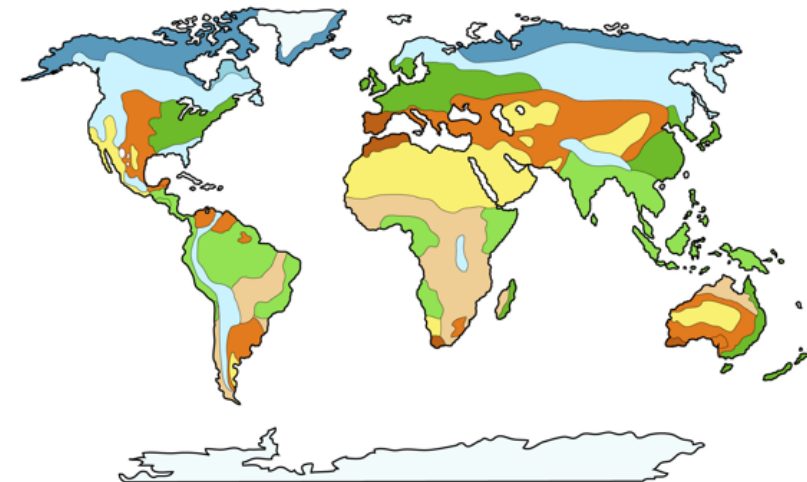
Pros of buying imported food










- A wider variety of food
- Generally cheaper
- Jobs are created in other locations
- We have more land available for other uses

Pros of buying locally produced food

- Imported perishable food is transported by plane so eating locally reduces use of fossil fuels and pollution
- Imported perishable food is often modified so it doesn't spoil in transit
- More jobs for local farmers
- Usually has less packaging
- Local and seasonal food has more nutritional density

World climate map



- | | | |
|---|---|--|
|  Tropical Forest |  Polar and high mountain ice |  Temperate deciduous forest |
|  Savanna |  Chaparral |  Coniferous forest |
|  Desert |  Temperate grassland |  Tundra (arctic and alpine) |